Posttraumatic growth in adolescent survivors of cancer and their mothers and fathers.

Posttraumatic Growth in Adolescent Survivors of Cancer and Their Mothers and Fathers

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Abstract

Objective To describe posttraumatic growth (PTG) following childhood cancer survival and its association with demographic and disease/treatment variables, perceived treatment severity and life threat, and posttraumatic stress symptoms (PTSS). Method Adolescent survivors of cancer ($N = 150$, ages 11–19), at least 1 year after treatment, and their mothers ($N = 146$) and fathers ($N = 107$) completed self-report measures of perceived treatment intensity and PTSS and a semistructured interview designed to identify posttraumatic responses and indicators of PTG including perceived positive changes for self, relationships, and life goals. Results A majority of adolescents and their mothers and fathers reported PTG. Greater perceived treatment severity and life threat, but not objective disease severity, was associated with PTG. PTG and PTSS were positively associated for the adolescent cancer survivors. Diagnosis after age 5 resulted in more perceived benefit and greater PTSS for adolescent survivors. Conclusion Clarification of the concept and measurement of PTG after childhood cancer is warranted, as are prospective studies of the association of PTG and PTSS and the role of demographic variables and illness-specific appraisals.

Keywords: adolescents, childhood cancer survival, families, posttraumatic growth, posttraumatic stress

Topic:

- cancer
- demography
- father
- post-traumatic stress disorder
- survivors
- childhood cancer
Conducting a Randomized Clinical Trial of an
Psychological Intervention for
Parents/Caregivers of Children with Cancer
Shortly after Diagnosis

Surviving Childhood Cancer, Social Support,
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