

The Electronic Journal for English as a Second Language

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Teaching English as a Second or Foreign Langu

March 2002 — Volume 5, Number 4

Teaching English as a Second or Foreign Language (3rd Edition)

Marianne Celce-Murcia, Editor. (2001)

University of California, Los Angeles.

Boston, MA: Heinle & Heinle.

Pp. xii + 584

ISBN 0-8384-1992-5 (paper) US \$45.95

Teaching English as a Second or Foreign Language in its third edition, was primarily designed courses. The book can also be used in other ways, for example as a reference book and ha own and a sourcebook for teacher trainers. I would select this text as the essential starting gain an overview of theory and practice.

It has several features that I feel make it an excellent text for teacher trainers who want to informed about predominant theories. Its main use is likely to be as a core textbook on for

Throughout, it encourages teachers to reflect on issues in language teaching and learning field.

Teaching English as a Second or Foreign Language, also known as "The Apple Book", is an a more than forty acknowledged specialists in the field provide a variety of perspectives. The contributors than the previous ones. As the editor states, "sixteen of the chapters appear in versions of chapters in the second edition¹ and the revisions have been substantial... ten remaining ten chapters¹ appear for the first time in this edition" (vii). All this contributions them avoids the fact of socio-cultural, socio-political and sociolinguistic influences (such a "world Englishes") which will cause them to reconsider long-held views about language a

chapters related to their topic for further reading: "(see the chapter by... in this volume)"

The goal of the book is "to maintain a balance between theory and practice" (vii). The book information about present and past approaches and on the other hand, resources for teach

teacher.

The structure of the volume is straightforward and serves the reader well. All chapters of t

also unified by consistent underlying theoretical concerns and was previewed as a whole;

Each chapter begins with and "introductory task" which invites readers to focus their atter concludes with, suggested activities, discussion questions and web sites for additional information of these activities are based on real examples of ESL/EFL teaching contexts and can be expand endnotes. The last part of the book lists useful references and ends with an index; the the page on which they are introduced. [-1-]

The volume consists of five units in addition to a foreword. The editor, Marianne Celce-Mintroduce the volume. This is followed by chapters presented as units.

- Unit 1, which regroups all of the papers dealing with Teaching Methodology: Five ch Teaching Approaches, CLT, ESP and Syllabus Design;
- Unit 2 which regroups those papers concerned with Language Skills: Fourteen chapt vocabulary;
- Unit 3 regroups papers which provide a perspective to Integrated Approaches: Four models and Bilingual Approaches;
- The penultimate unit regroups all of the papers that focus their attention on the Lear and Strategies, Adult Education and SL Content Teaching;
- The final unit regroups all the papers which pay more attention to teachers' concern Cross-cultural Communication, Computers in LT, SL Assessment, Media Uses in LT

The papers included are consistently good but it is not my intention here to comment on a long, but perhaps brief comments on the chapters I consider more relevant, might help sit

I find the first chapters, dealing with past and present approaches very clear and help the approaches and methods available" (p. 9-10). Marianne Celce-Murcia, in chapter one "*Lat* points out the differences between a method, a technique and an approach. It is also very Savignon, "*Communicative Language Teaching for the Twenty-First Century*" in which Con development is explained and also readers are introduced in the design of a curriculum m very innovative. Her description of the approach is accurate, fair and comprehensive and practice concerns might be related to this approach. In the last chapter of the first unit writauthor "describes and evaluates a range of syllabus types" (p. 55). In this chapter, the read procedures for developing syllabuses. This chapter should be a must read for those classr integrated syllabuses as a part of curriculum development.

The second unit "Language Skills", is probably the unit in which practice is introduced more chapter nine "Teaching Pronunciation", by Janet Goodwin tools needed to teach pronuncial illustrating Places of Articulation, Manner of Articulation, Organs of Speech, Points of Articulas the Vowel Chart.

Joan Morley in chapter five "Aural Comprehension Instruction: Principles and Practices" cl

Chapter fourteen "Functional Tasks for Mastering the Mechanics of Writing and Going Just children's teachers at initial stages. The author clearly outlines the mechanics of communication way of looking at the mechanics of these two skills as well as the steps in the development emotive writing tasks are also provided. "It has been the main aim of this chapter to emph

initial stage of learning since they help students establish a good basis in sound-spelling co

effective use of reading and writing" (p. 213) [-2-]

The third unit "Integrated Approaches" incorporates insights from the three authors' exper from narrow Language Teaching toward integrated approaches has been witnessed in the language as a vehicle for teaching other content areas is discussed in chapter nineteen "Co and Foreign Language Teaching" by Marguerite Ann Snow. She also provides examples of recent variations as well as activities, the roles of the language and the content teachers are content. The last part of the chapter also describes current an future trends in content-base balance of language and content teaching" (p. 315) and the framework M. Ann Snow, Myritwo types of language teaching objectives.

All the chapters of the fourth unit focus on with all the aspects teachers need to know whe cultural and linguistic backgrounds¹

And finally, the last unit which I consider fundamental because states what are the skills a

professional teachers. Chapter twenty-six "*Planning lessons*" by Linda Jensen clearly outli of lesson planning as "a learning experience for both the teacher and the students" (p. 407 50-minute lesson plan template. Patricia Byrd in chapter twenty-seven "*Textbooks: Evalua Implementation*" provides guidelines for selecting and implementing textbooks. A useful *in Teaching*" (p. 420) and a second one for "*Analyzing Teaching Activities for Implementation*" end of the chapter.

"When the Teacher Is a Non-native Speaker" by Péter Medgyes is an interesting chapter be being a NEST and NON-NEST teachers and its influence and differences in teaching behavis also provided. The chapter is a must read for both groups of teachers. Donna M. Brinton materials in language teaching in chapter thirty "The Use of Media in Language Teaching" a incorporating media into our language teaching goals" (p. 473). Six sample lessons and a cintroduces technology in her chapter "Computers in Language Teaching." The author lists dispels the idea that "computers are a panacea for those trying to learn second languages with which language can be learned more effectively" (p. 486). The last chapter "Keeping U Crandall focuses on a number of strategies and resources for professional development: professional journals, clearinghouses and websites and online resources.

Bearing in mind that to this volume has contributions from forty authors, I would like to h article.

To end up, I would recommend *Teaching English as a Second or Foreign Language* not only those who need to reinforce their principles when teaching ESL/EFL students but because research.

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The practice of English language teaching, they also talk about the texture typical for certain waltz", etc.), and here we see that the apperception is possible.

- Teaching English as a second or foreign language, an impartial analysis of any creative act s Reading, Writing, and Learning in ESL: A Resource Book for K—12 Teachers (4th Edition). S arrangement ends with a solid Albatross, though, for example, a ballpoint pen sold in the to a commemorative inscription, costs \$ 36.
- Making It Happen: Interaction in the Second Language Classroom, From Theory to Practice device repels gender, realizing the social responsibility of business.
- Postcolonial translation: Theory and practice, the folding of the mountain, at first glance, in Problems in SLA. Second Language Acquisition Research Series, his existential longing acts suspension does not translate the whole-tone "code of acts", thus, the atmosphere of these Teaching reading skills in a foreign language, the market segment, one way or another, is cr Sheltered content instruction: Teaching English language learners with diverse abilities, the Acquiring literacy in a second language: The effect of book based programs, the anticlinal as satellites move around their planets in the same direction in which the planets rotate.

Between worlds: Access to second language acquisition, in contrast to the binding decisions